PUBLIC SWIMMING POOLS





The licensee <u>must not operate a pool</u> when an imminent health hazard is present, including:

- a) Main Drain. A covering for any main drain or other suction outlet is not properly installed, or securely fastened or the cover is not an approved cover (ANSI/ASME A112.19.8-2007).
- b) SVRS. A safety vacuum release system that is not functioning. (Stingl Switch, VacAlert, etc.)
- c) Disinfection Level. The disinfection residual is less than what is required.

 Pool 1.0 ppm Free Chlorine

 Pool 2.0 ppm Free Bromine

 ORP below 650
- d) Circulation or Disinfection System. The circulation or disinfection system is not operating.
- e) Automatic Chemical Controller. The automatic chemical controller is not functioning.

 Monitor pH and ORP

 Alarm for pH and ORP

 On approved list

 Flow switch/pressure switch

 Switch tested monthly and recorded
- f) Life Guards. Not enough life guards are provided.
- q) Water Clarity. Water clarity is not sufficient to see the main drain clearly.
- h) Lighting. Natural or artificial light is not sufficient to see the bottom of the pool.
- i) Fecal Accident. A fecal accident occurs. Treat the pool according to Appendix A
- j) RWI. A recreational waterborne illness is linked to the pool. Treat the pool according to Appendix A.
- k) Chemical Hazard. Improper use or storage of chemicals that may present an imminent health hazard.
- I) Electrical Hazard. An electrical hazard may exist.

*SG/SF = Spray Grounds and Special Features (including slides, fountains, slow rivers, etc.)

If the health department closes the pool after finding a critical operational item at the time of their inspection, then pool may not reopen until after approval is given by the health department.